TT3-3

Changing trends in shopping

## SUGGESTED GENERAL APPROACH

- Introduce the topic / opening question
- Hand out cards / go over the vocabulary
- Grammar option
- Read passage (any questions)
- Optional writing or preparation before speaking
- Students discuss in groups
- Follow-up and feedback

## 1 POSSIBLE OPENING QUESTIONS TO GET THE BALL ROLLING

- ▶ How many people here have shopped online in the last two months?
- ▶ Which is better, shopping online or personally going to the stores?

TT 3-3	Today's theme:	Words for today:	
Cha	nging trends in shopping	• to break new ground	
even say shopping.	ing through a <u>transition</u> , some would a revolution in how we approach How would you compare how things	• to pave the way for st	
	15 years ago with today? What do ne it will be like 15 years from now?	a sign of the times It's bound to <u>happen</u>	
		• It's bound to happen	
Structures	to use:		
comparatives with adverbs ex: not nearly/quite as far/a bit better than		to cope with <u>st</u>	
2) Optional: you choose another structure		• (not) surprisingly	

## 2 EXAMPLES OF OPTIONAL GRAMMAR STRUCTURES TO BE INCLUDED IN THE SPEAKING

**Comparatives** Two different sets of structures can be looked at, or if you prefer, select one only

As

- Prices are *not quite* as / *not nearly* as expensive as they were 15 years ago.
- There are *almost / nearly* as many tourists in this shop as there are local people.

Than

- There are far more / a few more good deals here than in that other place.
- The quality of the clothes is *much / a little* better than what you would expect.

NOTE: Try to encourage the students not only to include the comparatives in their speaking, but especially the adverbs which emphasize the amount of difference. Here is a little table you could copy onto the board for the students to use as a reference:

	Uncountable (nouns, adj, adv, verbs)		
little difference		big difference	
as	almost / not quite	not nearly	
than	slightly /	a lot / much / far /	
	a bit / a little	a great deal	

Countable	_	
little difference	big difference	
almost / not quite	not nearly	as
slightly / a few	a lot / many / far /	than
(more / less)	a great deal	

## **3** OPEN-CLASS QUESTION(S) TO TIE THINGS UP

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